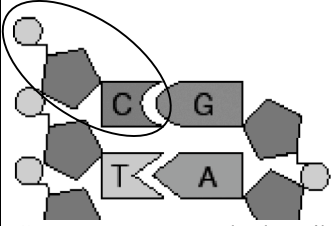


Assessment Schedule – 2006

Biology: Describe the transfer of genetic information (90163)

Evidence Statement

Question	Evidence contributing to Achievement	Evidence contributing to Achievement with Merit	Evidence contributing to Achievement with Excellence
1(a)	(i) female / girl / woman (ii) male / boy / man (Both correct)		
(b)	States that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> sex is determined by two sex chromosomes X and Y. OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> presence of X or Y. OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> XX = female, XY = male. 	Explains how the father determines the sex: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if father / male / sperm contributes X chromosome offspring is female. OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if father / male / sperm contributes Y chromosome offspring is male. 	
2(a)	 <p>Components correctly described or drawn: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phosphate + Sugar + Bases. Note: May draw one nucleotide with correct labels.</p>		
(b)	DNA carries information in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The order of bases / nucleotide. OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Genes / Alleles. 	Explains that the order of bases OR genes / alleles carry genetic information. AND Links code to the production of traits / characteristics .	Discusses how the order of bases AND genes / alleles carry genetic information. AND Uses an example to show how differences are produced.
3(a)	Plants grown from cuttings have the same genetic make-up / same trait / same characteristic / identical to parent . OR Plants grown from cuttings will grow more quickly . OR Plants grown from seed produces variability .	Gives a reason why it is better to grow new plants from a cutting which is linked to the achievement statement: Consistent quality. OR Fruiting sooner. OR Disadvantage.	

(b)	Describes genetic modification as a means to select for desirable or different traits / characteristics . OR Uses an example to describe improvement in production of a food crop.	Explains how introduced gene / genetic material can improve the production of a food crop.																			
4(a)	Describes the purpose is to produce: • gametes / sex cells / sperm and eggs / spores / haploid cells . OR • Half the number of chromosomes.																				
(b)	Identifies mitosis as the process for the production of new cells for: • Growth / repair . OR • Production of identical cells.	Explains that the process of mitosis for the production of new cells for: • Growth / repair. AND • Production of identical cells. AND • A specific example of where this takes place.																			
5(a)	Dominant: always expressed / shown in phenotype / if present determines phenotype. AND Recessive: only expressed if dominant is not present / homozygous recessive / is masked / hidden by the dominant allele.																				
(b)	Correctly completed punnet square. Examples: <table border="1"><tr><td></td><td>E</td><td>E</td></tr><tr><td>E</td><td>EE</td><td>EE</td></tr><tr><td>e</td><td>Ee</td><td>Ee</td></tr></table> <table border="1"><tr><td></td><td>Y</td><td>Y</td></tr><tr><td>Y</td><td>YY</td><td>YY</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>Yy</td><td>Yy</td></tr></table> Accept any letter, but must be clearly lower case.		E	E	E	EE	EE	e	Ee	Ee		Y	Y	Y	YY	YY	y	Yy	Yy		
	E	E																			
E	EE	EE																			
e	Ee	Ee																			
	Y	Y																			
Y	YY	YY																			
y	Yy	Yy																			
(c)	Correctly describes phenotype and genotype: Genotype: genetic make up / combination of alleles. AND Phenotype: physical appearance / trait / characteristics / all yellow seeds.	Uses the two genotypes of the possible offspring in example (b) to correctly explain the difference between phenotype and genotype .																			

(d)	<p>Scenario 1:</p> <p>Test cross / back cross / cross with green-seed plant.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Scenario 2:</p> <p>Breed these seeds / plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • for several generations <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • until green seeds show up. <p>OR</p> <p>Grows seeds and breeds plants.</p>	<p>Scenario 1:</p> <p>Explains the crosses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ee x EE <p>AND</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ee x Ee <p>Scenario 2:</p> <p>Explains the crosses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ee x Ee <p>AND</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EE x EE <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EE x Ee 	<p>Scenario 1:</p> <p>Discusses the expected outcomes of both crosses after breeding over a number of generations OR with a large numbers of crosses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ee x EE All offspring show dominant trait. <p>AND</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ee x Ee Some offspring show recessive trait. <p>Scenario 2:</p> <p>Discusses the expected outcomes of both crosses after breeding over a number of generations OR with a large numbers of crosses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ee x Ee Some offspring we show recessive trait. <p>AND</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EE x EE All offspring show dominant trait. <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EE x Ee All offspring show dominant trait.
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Judgement Statement**Biology: Describe the transfer of genetic information (90163)**

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
SEVEN questions answered correctly. Minimum $7 \times A$	SEVEN questions answered correctly, including at least THREE at Merit level. Minimum of $3 \times M + 4 \times A$	EIGHT questions answered correctly, including at least THREE at Merit level and at least ONE at Excellence level. Minimum of $1 \times E + 3 \times M + 4 \times A$